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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended SEPTEMBER 30, 1994

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[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_

Commission File Number 1-8590

MURPHY OIL CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DEL AWARE

71-0361522 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification Number)

200 PEACH STREET P. O. BOX 7000, EL DORADO, ARKANSAS 71731-7000 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(501) 862-6411 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

> /X/ Yes / / No

Number of shares of Common Stock, \$1.00 par value, outstanding at September 30, 1994, was 44,833,656.

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Thousands of dollars)

September 30, December 31, 1994 1993
ASSETS
Current assets
Cash and interest-bearing deposits \$ 43,259 26,876 Marketable securities 82,892 114,349
Cash and cash equivalents 126,151 141,225
Accounts receivable, less allowance
for doubtful accounts of \$5,652 in
1994 and \$5,379 in 1993 187,397 196,214
Inventories
Crude oil and raw materials 59,061 76,741
Finished products 46,508 42,959

Materials and supplies Prepaid expenses Deferred income taxes		38,829 43,623 18,611	32,323 35,042 18,497
Total current assets		520,180	543,001
Investments and noncurrent receivables Property, plant, and equipment, at cost less accumulated depreciation, depletion, and amortization of \$2,332,216 in 1994 and \$2,180,732	;	26,812	42,518
in 1993 Deferred charges and other assets		1,685,285 38,870	1,549,250 34,090
	\$	2,271,147 ======	2,168,859 ======
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities			
Current maturities of long-term obligations Accounts payable and accrued	\$	10,994	10,859
liabilities Income taxes		382,826 23,667	372,606 29,294
Total current liabilities		417,487	412,759
Notes payable and other long-term obligations Nonrecourse debt of a subsidiary Deferred income taxes Reserve for dismantlement costs Reserve for major repairs Deferred credits and other liabilities	;	21,760 118,981 137,166 136,791 25,372 132,332	21,709 87,509 117,571 123,107 26,023 157,831
Stockholders' equity Capital stock Cumulative Preferred Stock, par \$1 authorized 400,000 shares, none	.00	),	
issued Common Stock, par \$1.00, authorize 80,000,000 shares, issued 48,775,		-	-
shares Capital in excess of par value Retained earnings Currency translation adjustments Unamortized restricted stock awards Treasury stock, 3,941,658 shares of		48,775 507,838 816,975 11,991 (1,286)	48,775 507,292 772,172 (1,514) (660)
Common Stock in 1994, 3,967,631 sha in 1993, at cost	ir e	(103,035)	(103,715)
Total stockholders' equity		1,281,258	1,222,350
	\$	2,271,147 ======	2,168,859 =======

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Exhibit Index is on page 12.

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# Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited) (Thousands of dollars, except per share amounts)

		Nonths Ended Cember 30	Septer	nths Ended nber 30
	1994		1994	1993
REVENUES				
Sales Other operating	\$ 455,383	401,420	1,268,237	1,193,956
revenues Interest and other	12,098	8,909	31,215	28,801
revenues	25,281		37,608	26,067
Total revenues	492,762	419,978	1,337,060	1,248,824
COSTS AND EXPENSES Crude oil, products, and related operatin	0			
expenses Exploration expenses, including undevelope		3 312,852	972,240	932,896
lease amortization Selling and general	10,779	9 14,122	30,869	38,222
expenses Depreciation, depleti	16,437 ion <i>.</i>	16,502	50,568	49,536
and amortization Interest expense	48,282 4,023		148,200 9,034	127,143 5,702
Interest capitalized	(3,696	6) (1,676)		) (3,963)
Total costs and expenses	434,873	3 386,173	1,204,337	1,149,536
expenses				
Income before income and cumulative effect changes in accountin	ct of			
principles Federal and state	57,889	33,805	132,723	99,288
income taxes Foreign income taxes	14,048 6,572			,
0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Income before cumulat effect of changes in				
accounting principle Cumulative effect of	es 37,269	20,179	88,473	66,709
changes in accountin principles	ng 	. <u> </u>	-	15,338
NET INCOME	\$ 37,269		,	
Average Common shares outstanding 4	44,905,650	6 44,879,958	44,884,779	44,900,519
Per Common share Income before cumulative effect of changes in accounting				
principles Cumulative effect of changes in accounting	\$.83	3.45	1.97	1.49
principles	· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	. 34
Net income	\$.83		1.97 =======	1.83 ======

per share of				
Common Stock	\$ .325	.325	.975	.925

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited) Nine Months Ended September 30, 1994 and 1993 (Thousands of dollars)

		1994	1993
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles Adjustments to reconcile above income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	88,473	
Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Expenditures for major repairs and		148,200	127,143
dismantlement costs Exploratory expenditures charged		(19,381)	(9,733)
against income Amortization of undeveloped leases Deferred and noncurrent income tax charges Gains from disposition of assets Other - net		22,637 8,232 10,181 (1,112) 7,329  264,559	9,414 28,217 (1,374) 19,062
Net (increase) decrease in operating working capital other than cash and			
cash equivalents Cumulative effect of accounting changes		12,340	(38,165)
on working capital Net recoveries (expenditures) on insurance		-	25,437
claim to repair hurricane damage Other adjustments related to operating		16,224	(26,014)
activities		(10,233)	(13,574)
Net cash provided by operating activities		282,890	215,930
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Capital expenditures requiring cash Proceeds from sale of property, plant,	(	(290,612)	(370,230)
and equipment Other - net			4,131 2,346
Net cash required by investing activities	(	(287,234)	(363,753)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase (decrease) in notes payable and other long-term obligations Increase in nonrecourse debt of a subsidiary Decrease in short-term notes payable Dividends paid		127 31,531 - (43,670)	17,400 (2,795)
Purchase of Common Stock for treasury		-	(1,636)
Net cash required by financing activities	;	(12,012)	(28,703)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		1,282	(1,011)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at January 1			(177,537) 377,845
Cash and cash equivalents at September 30	\$	126,151 ======	200,308 ======
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW ACTIVIT Cash income taxes paid, net of refunds		ES 26,706 ======	
Interest paid, net of amounts capitalized	\$	(2,208) ======	1,667 ======

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes are an integral part of the accompanying financial statements of Murphy Oil Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries (Murphy/the Company).

# NOTE A - INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements of the Company presented herein have not been audited by independent auditors, except for the balance sheet at December 31, 1993. In the opinion of the Company's management, the unaudited financial statements include all adjustments (consisting only of normal, recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position at September 30, 1994, and the results of operations and cash flows for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 1994 and 1993, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Financial statements and notes to consolidated financial statements included in this report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the Company's 1993 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as certain notes and other pertinent information have been abbreviated in or omitted from this report.

Financial results for the nine months ended September 30, 1994 are not necessarily indicative of future results.

### NOTE B - ENVIRONMENTAL CONTINGENCIES

The Company's worldwide operations are subject to numerous laws and regulations designed to protect the environment and/or impose remediation obligations. In addition, the Company may be involved in personal injury claims, allegedly caused by exposure to materials manufactured or used by the Company. Under the Company's accounting policies, liabilities for environmentally related obligations are recorded when such obligations are probable and the cost can be reasonably estimated. In instances where there is a range of reasonably estimated costs, the Company will record the most likely amount, or if no amount is most likely, the minimum of the range. Amounts recorded as liabilities are reviewed quarterly and adjusted as needed. Actual cash expenditures often occur a number of years following recognition of the liabilities.

The Company currently operates or has previously operated certain sites or facilities, including refineries, oil and gas fields, service stations, and terminals, for which known or potential obligations for environmental remediation exist. The Company has provided for environmental liabilities, which are included in the account "Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities." The sum provided for environmental liabilities includes certain amounts that are based on anticipated regulatory approval of proposed remediation processes involving a land farm, formerly used for disposal of refinery waste, and closure of water basins. If regulatory authorities require more costly alternatives than the proposed processes, future expenditures could increase by up to an estimated \$6 million above the amount provided.

The Company has received notices from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency that it is a Potentially Responsible Party (PRP) at three Superfund sites and has been assigned responsibility by defendants at another Superfund site. In addition, the Company is aware of two other sites at which it could be named as a PRP. The potential total cost to all parties to perform necessary remediation work at these sites is substantial. However, based on information currently available, the Company is a de minimus party, with assigned or potentially assigned responsibility of less than one percent at all but one of the sites. The Company has not determined either its potential total remediation costs or its potentially assigned responsibility percentage at the remaining site. The Company has recorded a provision totaling \$.1 million for Superfund sites, and due to currently available information on the most recent site and the minor percentages involved on the other sites, the Company does not expect that its related remediation costs will be material to its financial condition. Additional information may become known in the future that would alter this assessment,

including a requirement to bear a pro rata share of costs attributable to nonparticipating PRP's or indications of additional responsibility by the Company.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd.)

#### NOTE B - ENVIRONMENTAL CONTINGENCIES (CONTD.)

Although the Company is not aware of any environmental matters that might have a material effect on its financial condition, there is the possibility that additional expenditures could be required at currently unidentified sites, and new or revised regulatory requirements could necessitate additional expenditures at known sites. Such expenditures could have a material impact on the results of operations in a future period.

The Company believes that certain of its environmental remediation obligations are covered by insurance; however, the issue is the subject of ongoing litigation and no assurance can be given that the Company's position will be sustained. Therefore, no insurance recoveries have been used to reduce the environmental liabilities recorded at September 30, 1994.

#### NOTE C - OTHER CONTINGENCIES

The Company's operations and earnings have been and may be affected by various other forms of governmental action by the countries in which it operates. Examples of such governmental action include, but are by no means limited to: tax increases and retroactive tax claims; restrictions on production; import and export controls; price controls; currency controls; allocation of supplies of crude oil and petroleum products and other goods; expropriation of property; restrictions and preferences affecting issuance of oil and gas or mineral leases; laws and regulations intended for the promotion of safety; and laws and regulations affecting the Company's relationships with employees, suppliers, customers, shareholders, and others. Because governmental actions are often motivated by political considerations, may be taken without full consideration of their consequences, and may be taken in response to actions of other governments, it is not practical to attempt to predict the likelihood of such actions, the form which such actions may take, or the effect such actions may have on the Company.

On February 19, 1987, the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) published a Proposed Remedial Order (PRO) alleging that the Company received approximately \$13.4 million for crude oil and/or related transportation charges in excess of amounts allowed under DOE regulations that were in effect from September 1973 through January 1981. The PRO sought restitution of this amount, plus interest. The Company contested the allegations of the PRO in administrative litigation before the DOE Office of Hearings and Appeals (OHA). On June 17, 1992, OHA sustained all allegations of the PRO and issued a Remedial Order, which the Company promptly appealed to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). On January 24, 1994, the presiding FERC administrative law judge issued a decision sustaining the position of the Company on the material allegations. On July 14, 1994, DOE and the Company entered into a settlement agreement pursuant to which the Company agreed to pay \$10.7 million inclusive of all interest. The settlement agreement became final on September 15, 1994 and resolved all issues. As an offset to the \$10.7 million payment, the Company has received approximately \$3.2 million from certain interest owners in the affected properties, and is seeking additional contribution from other interest owners. settlement resulted in an after-tax benefit of \$13.9 million, which was recorded in the three-month period ended September 30, 1994.

In the normal course of its business activities, the Company is required under certain contracts with various governmental authorities and others to provide letters of credit that may be drawn upon if the Company fails to perform under those contracts. At September 30, 1994, letters of credit outstanding totaled \$61 million. NOTE D - BUSINESS SEGMENTS

	Three Month September 3	30, 1994	Three Mont September	30, 1993
(Millions of Dollars)	Revenues		Revenues	Income
Petroleum Exploration and produ				
United States		.7	63.2	6.0
Canada United Kingdom		6.2 1.0	18.0 11.8	2.9 .5
Other international	. 8.1	1.9	2.9	(1.4)
	 113.6	 9.8	 95.9	8.0
Refining, marketing,			225 0	<b>C</b> 0
United States Western Europe			235.9 72.4	6.9 2.2
Canada		2.0	7.4	2.1
	353.6	 11.9	 315.7	11.2
		11.9	515.7	11.2
	467.2	21.7	411.6	19.2
Intrasegment transfer elimination	s (20.3)		(16.4)	
			(1014)	
Total petroleum Farm, timber, and real		21.7	395.2	
estateUnited States Corporate and other		3.1 (1.4)	15.1 9.7	2.1 (1.1)
		(1.4)		(1.1)
Revenues/income before				
or infrequently occurr items Settlement of DOE		23.4	420.0	20.2
matters	21.0	13.9	-	-
	 ¢ 400_0			
	\$492.8 =====	37.3 =====	420.0 =====	20.2
	September	ns Ended 30, 1994	September	30, 1993
(Millions of Dollars)	Revenues		Revenues	
Petroleum				
Exploration and produ United States		15 0	105 0	23.7
Canada	. 92.4	15.3 11.0	185.0 53.5	23.7 6.2
Canada United Kingdom	. 68.1	2.4	37.5	2.0
Other international	16.3	4.4	13.0	(4.3)
	338.0	33.1	289.0	27.6
Dofining markating	and transport			
Refining, marketing, United States		17.0	716.0	7.3
Western Europe	. 228.2	3.6	198.5	5.9
Canada	. 19.9	5.6	23.4	7.4
		26.2	937.9	20.6
	1,280.4	59.3	1,226.9	
Intrasegment transfer elimination	s (47.4)		(51.7)	
	1 222 0			
Total petroleum Farm, timber, and real			1,175.2	48.2
estateUnited States	. 66.5	15.8	47.5	9.6
Corporate and other	. 16.6	(6.9)	26.1	(2.3)
Revenues/income before				

Revenues/income before unusual or infrequently

occurring items 1	,316.1	68.2	1,248.8	55.5
Settlement of DOE matters	21.0	13.9	-	-
Refund and settlement of income tax matters	_	6.4	-	11.3
Cumulative effect of				
changes in accounting principles for				
Income taxes Postretirement benefits	-	-	-	31.8
other than pensions,				
net of taxes	-	-	-	(16.5)
-				
\$1	.,337.1	88.5	1,248.8	82.1
=	======	=====	======	=====

\*Additional details are presented in the tables on page 11.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS** 

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1994 COMPARED WITH THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1993

Net income for the third quarter of 1994 totaled \$37.3 million, \$.83 a share, compared to \$20.2 million, \$.45 a share, earned in the third quarter a year ago. The current quarter included a benefit of \$13.9 million, \$.31 a share, resulting from settlement of a dispute with the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) concerning the price at which the Company could sell certain of its crude oil production under regulations in effect from September 1973 through January 1981. Income before unusual items for the quarter was \$23.4 million, \$.52 a share.

All operating segments contributed to the 16-percent improvement in income before unusual items for the current quarter compared to the corresponding quarter last year. Exploration and production earnings improved 23 percent despite substantially lower sales prices for U.S. natural gas and the effect of a curtailment in sales in response to lower prices; offsets were provided by a 53-percent increase in crude oil and gas liquids production, higher sales prices for crude oil, and lower exploration expenses. Downstream earnings were up six percent compared to the third quarter of 1993. Unit margins in both the U.S. and Western Europe were up, and sales of refined products increased 10 percent in each of the areas. Earnings from farm, timber, and real estate increased 48 percent compared to the third quarter of 1993, with improved results from timber and farming operations accounting for the increase. Results from corporate activities were slightly unfavorable to last year.

Exploration and production operations earned \$9.8 million in the third quarter of 1994 compared to \$8 million a year earlier. U.S. operations earned .7 million, down from 6 million a year ago, while international operations earned \$9.1 million compared to \$2 million. The Company's crude oil and gas liquids sales prices averaged \$16.20 a barrel in the U.S. and \$16.28 in the U.K., increases of three percent and two percent, respectively. In Canada, sales prices averaged \$15.12 a barrel for light oil and \$12.09 for heavy oil, up nine percent and 25 percent, respectively. The average sales price for synthetic oil from a five-percent interest in the Canadian Syncrude project, acquired in late 1993, was \$17.28 a barrel. Total crude oil and gas liquids production averaged 53,340 barrels a day compared to 34,937 in the third quarter of 1993. U.K. production more than doubled, with production from "T" Block, which commenced in late 1993, and an increased interest in the Ninian field effective January 1, 1994, accounting for the increase. Production of synthetic oil in Canada averaged 9,897 barrels a day in the third quarter of 1994. Murphy's average natural gas sales price in the U.S. was \$1.78 an MCF in the third quarter of 1994 compared to \$2.15 a year ago, a decrease of 17 percent. The average natural gas sales price in Canada increased from \$1.20 an MCF a year ago to \$1.25, up four percent. In Spain, the average price increased from \$2.56 an MCF to \$2.65. Total natural gas sales averaged 208,956 MCF a day in the current quarter compared to 264,250 in the third quarter of 1993. Sales of natural gas in the U.S. were affected by voluntary curtailments in response to lower prices, and averaged 159,380 MCF a day compared to 214,072 a year ago. Exploration expenses totaled \$10.8 million in the current guarter compared to \$14.1 million a year ago, including \$1.8 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, in international operations. Supporting tables on page 11 provide additional details of the results of exploration and production operations for the third quarter of each year.

Earnings from refining, marketing, and transportation operations totaled \$11.9 million in the third quarter of 1994, up from \$11.2 million a year ago. U.S. operations earned \$7.5 million compared to \$6.9 million in the third quarter of 1993. Operations in Western Europe earned \$2.4 million, up from \$2.2 million a year ago. Profits from purchasing, transporting, and reselling crude oil in Canada were \$2 million in the current quarter compared to \$2.1 million in the third quarter of 1993. Refinery crude runs were 157,056 barrels a day compared to 135,079 in the third quarter of 1993. Refined product sales were 174,549 barrels a day, up 10 percent from 159,231 a year ago.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTD.)

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTD.)

Earnings from farm, timber, and real estate operations increased from \$2.1 million in the third quarter of 1993 to \$3.1 million in the current quarter. Lumber sales increased 23 percent, and average prices were up 15 percent from a year ago. Twenty lots were sold at the Chenal Valley real estate development in western Little Rock during the third quarter of 1994 compared to 18 a year ago.

Corporate functions reflected a loss of \$1.4 million in the current quarter compared to \$1.1 million in the third quarter of 1993.

NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1994 COMPARED WITH NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1993

For the first nine months of 1994, income before unusual items totaled \$68.2 million, \$1.52 a share, compared with \$55.5 million, \$1.24 a share, for the nine months ended September 30, 1993. Including unusual items, earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 1994 totaled \$88.5 million, \$1.97 a share, compared to \$82.1 million, \$1.83 a share, in 1993. In addition to the DOE settlement, the Company's net income for the nine months ended September 30, 1994 included a benefit of \$6.4 million, \$.14 a share, for settlement of certain income tax matters in the U.K. Results for the first nine months of 1993 included benefits of \$11.3 million, \$.25 a share, from refund of U.K. income taxes, and a net \$15.3 million, \$.34 a share, from recording the cumulative effect of accounting changes adopted effective January 1, 1993.

For the first nine months of 1994, all operating segments registered improved earnings over those for the prior year. The largest increase both in absolute dollars and on a percentage basis was in farm, timber, and real estate operations, which were up \$6.2 million or 65 percent due to higher sales volumes and prices for both timber and lumber. Earnings from refining, marketing, and transportation increased 27 percent, as the effects of higher unit margins and increased sales volume in the U.S. more than offset lower unit margins in Western Europe and lower earnings from crude oil trading activities in Canada. Exploration and production income was up 20 percent; the effects of higher crude oil and gas liquids production, higher Canadian and U.K. natural gas prices, and lower exploration expenses more than offset decreases in crude oil prices, natural gas volumes, and U.S. and Spanish natural gas prices. Results from corporate activities were unfavorable.

Earnings from exploration and production for the first nine months of 1994 were \$33.1 million compared to \$27.6 million a year earlier. U.S. operations earned \$15.3 million, down from \$23.7 million in 1993, and international operations earned \$17.8 million compared to \$3.9 million a year ago. Total crude oil and gas liquids production averaged 49,729 barrels a day compared to 33,983 in the first nine months of 1993. Production of synthetic oil from Murphy's interest in the Canadian Syncrude project, acquired in late 1993, averaged 9,104 barrels a day in the 1994 period. U.K. crude production of 13,068 barrels a day in 1994 more than doubled that of the first nine months of 1993; the increase was due to production from the "T" Block, which began operations in late 1993, and the acquisition of an additional 3.82-percent interest in the Ninian field effective January 1, 1994. Crude production decreased 794 barrels a day in the U.S. and 440 in other Canadian areas, while increasing 671 in other international areas. The Company's crude oil and gas liquids sales prices averaged \$15.00 a barrel in the U.S. and \$15.44 in the U.K., decreases of 12 percent and 11 percent, respectively. In Canada, sales prices averaged \$13.64 a barrel for light oil, down eight percent, but were unchanged for heavy oil at \$10.25. The sales price for Canadian synthetic oil averaged \$15.69 a barrel in 1994. Murphy's average natural gas sales price in the U.S. was \$2.03 an MCF in the first nine months of 1994 compared to \$2.07 a year ago, a decrease of two percent. Natural gas sales prices averaged \$1.45 an MCF in Canada and \$2.39 in the U.K., increases of 25 percent and five percent, respectively.

In Spain, the price averaged \$2.50 an MCF, a decrease of six percent from a year ago. Total natural gas sales decreased six percent to 252,214 MCF a day, primarily due to U.S. sales being down seven percent as a result of the voluntary curtailment during the third quarter in response to lower prices. Exploration expenses totaled \$30.9 million, down \$7.3 million from the first nine months of 1993. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (CONTD.)

During 1994, the Company logged and cored a potentially producible natural gas accumulation in a well drilled on Mobile Block 908. The cost of the well, \$14.4 million, has been capitalized pending further evaluation. Supporting tables on page 11 provide additional details of the results of exploration and production operations for the first nine months of each year.

Refining, marketing, and transportation operations earned \$26.2 million in the first nine months of 1994 compared to \$20.6 million a year earlier. U.S. operations improved from \$7.3 million in the first nine months of 1993 to \$17 million as lower crude costs resulted in better margins. Operations in Western Europe earned \$3.6 million, down from \$5.9 million a year ago; the average unit product margin declined 22 percent and marketing costs increased, while sales volume was up 32 percent. Profits from purchasing, transporting, and reselling crude oil in Canada were \$5.6 million in the first nine months of 1994 compared to \$7.4 million in 1993; the reduction was caused primarily by lower crude oil trading margins and volume. Refinery crude runs were 150,148 barrels a day compared to 133,868 for the same period last year. Refined product sales were 165,092 barrels a day, up from 150,159 a year ago.

Earnings from farm, timber, and real estate operations increased from \$9.6 million in the first nine months of 1993 to \$15.8 million in the current nine months. Timber operations contributed \$13.6 million, an increase of 72 percent over the prior year. Harvested sawtimber increased from 27.8 million board feet in the first nine months of 1993 to 38.3 million in 1994, and the average sales price was up 17 percent. Lumber sales volumes and prices and sawmill margins were also up. Ninety-five lots were sold at the Chenal Valley development in western Little Rock during the first nine months of 1994 compared to 113 a year ago.

Corporate activities for the first nine months reflected losses of \$6.9 million in 1994 and \$2.3 million in 1993. The unfavorable variance was primarily due to lower interest income, as the level of funds available for investment early in 1993 was reduced later in the year by acquisitions of oil and gas properties.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash provided by operating activities was \$282.9 million for the first nine months of 1994 compared to \$215.9 million for the same period in 1993. Such amounts included net changes in operating working capital other than cash and cash equivalents that increased cash by \$12.3 million in 1994 while reducing cash by \$38.2 million in 1993. The 1994 amount also reflected net recoveries of \$16.2 million on an insurance claim to repair 1992 hurricane damage, whereas the 1993 amount was reduced by net expenditures of \$26 million to repair the damage. Predominant uses of funds in both years were for capital expenditures (which, including amounts expensed, are summarized in the following table) and payment of dividends. Capital expenditures for exploration and production in 1993 included \$100 million for the acquisition of an 8.52-percent interest in the U.K. North Sea "T" Block.

(Millions of dollars)	1994	1993
Exploration and production Refining	\$216.9 51.5 9.5 1.4 7.3 4.0	295.8 50.8 10.4 2.9 7.3 3.0
	\$290.6	370.2

Working capital at September 30, 1994 was \$102.7 million, down \$27.5 million from December 31, 1993. This level of working capital does not fully reflect the Company's liquidity position, because the lower historical costs assigned to inventories under LIFO accounting were \$54.2 million below current costs at September 30, 1994.

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTD.)

# FINANCIAL CONDITION (CONTD.)

At September 30, 1994, nonrecourse debt of a subsidiary was \$119 million, with the increase of \$31.5 million that occurred during the first nine months of 1994 attributable to financing the development of the Hibernia oil field, offshore Newfoundland. Notes payable and other long-term obligations of \$21.8 million remained virtually unchanged. A summary of capital employed at September 30, 1994 and December 31, 1993 follows.

	1994		1993
Amount	~~~~~ % ~~~~~	Amount	%
\$ 21.8	2	21.7	2
119.0 1 281 2	8 90	87.5 1 222 4	6 92
		±,222.4	
\$1,422.0	100	1,331.6	100
	Amount 21.8 119.0 1,281.2	5 21.8 2 119.0 8 1,281.2 90	Amount % Amount 5 21.8 2 21.7 119.0 8 87.5 1,281.2 90 1,222.4

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	OIL A	ND GAS	OPERATING	RESULTS <sup>3</sup>
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(Millions of	United		United		Sub	ynthetio	C
dollars)	States	Canada	King- dom	Other	total	011 - Canada	Total
THREE MONTHS ENDI SEPTEMBER 30, 19	ED 994						
Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and	\$ 45.8		24.0 8.9		97.9 31.3		113.6 42.2
amortization Exploration expen		4.7	11.7	1.5	37.6	1.4	39.0
Dry hole costs Geological and geophysical	5.0	.2	-	-	5.2	-	5.2
costs Other costs	.9	.1	- . 2	.1	1.3	-	1.5 1.3
Undeveloped lease			.2				8.0
amortization	2.1	.7	-	-	2.8	-	2.8
Total exploration expenses					10.8	-	10.8
General expenses and other, net Income tax					5.5	-	5.5
provision	.9		1.5	-	5.1	1.2	6.3
Results of operat (excluding corpo overhead and interest)	orate						
	\$.7	4.0	1.0	1.9	7.6	2.2	9.8
	====== ED	4.0	1.0	1.9	7.6	2.2	9.8
THREE MONTHS END SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation,	ED 993 \$ 63.2	  18.0	11.8	2.9			====== 95.9
THREE MONTHS END SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7	18.0 6.2	11.8	2.9 1.9	95.9 27.9		95.9 27.9
THREE MONTHS END SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Exploration expendence Dry hole costs Geological and	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7 nses 7.6	18.0 6.2 5.1	11.8 4.9 3.9	2.9 1.9 .8	95.9 27.9		95.9 27.9 34.5
THREE MONTHS END SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Exploration expendence Dry hole costs	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7 nses 7.6 .3	18.0 6.2 5.1 .1	11.8 4.9 3.9 - .8	2.9 1.9 .8 .8 .2	95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5		95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5
THREE MONTHS END SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Exploration expen Dry hole costs Geological and geophysical costs Other costs	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7 nses 7.6 .3 .4 .4	18.0 6.2 5.1 .1 .2 .2	11.8 4.9 3.9 - .8 .3	2.9 1.9 .8 .8 .2 .2	95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1		95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1
THREE MONTHS END SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Exploration expendence Dry hole costs Geological and geophysical costs Other costs	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7 nses 7.6 .3 .4 8.3 ase 2.2	18.0 6.2 5.1 .1 .2 .2 .5 .5	11.8 4.9 3.9 - .8 .3 1.1	2.9 1.9 .8 .8 .2 .2 .2 1.2 1.2	95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0		95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0
THREE MONTHS ENDI SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Exploration expen Dry hole costs Geological and geophysical costs Other costs Undeveloped lea amortization Total exploration expenses	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7 nses 7.6 .3 .4 .4 	18.0 6.2 5.1 .1 .2 .2 .5 .7 .7	11.8 4.9 3.9 - .8 .3 1.1 - - 1.1	2.9 1.9 .8 .8 .2 .2 .2 1.2 .1 .1	95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0 		95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0 14.1
THREE MONTHS ENDI SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Exploration expen Dry hole costs Geological and geophysical costs Other costs Undeveloped lea amortization Total exploration expenses General expenses	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7 nses 7.6 .3 .4 8.3 ase 2.2 10.5	18.0 6.2 5.1 .1 .2 .2 .5 .7 1.2	11.8 4.9 3.9 - .8 .3 1.1 - 1.1	2.9 1.9 .8 .8 .2 .2 .2 1.2 .1 .1 .3	95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0 14.1		95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0 14.1
THREE MONTHS ENDI SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Exploration expen Dry hole costs Geological and geophysical costs Other costs Other costs Undeveloped lea amortization Total exploration expenses General expenses and other, net Income tax provision	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7 nses 7.6 .3 .4 8.3 ase 2.2 10.5  2.3 4.8	18.0 6.2 5.1 .1 .2 .2 .2 .5 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7	11.8 4.9 3.9 - .8 .3 1.1 - 1.1 1.0 .4	2.9 1.9 .8 .8 .2 .2 .2 1.2 .1 .1 .3 .3	95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0  14.1  4.3 7.1		95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0 14.1  4.3 7.1
THREE MONTHS ENDI SEPTEMBER 30, 19 Revenues Production costs Depreciation, depletion, and amortization Exploration expen Dry hole costs Geological and geophysical costs Other costs Undeveloped lea amortization Total exploration expenses General expenses and other, net income tax	ED 993 \$ 63.2 14.9 24.7 nses 7.6 .3 .4 8.3 ase 2.2 10.5 2.3 4.8 tions	18.0 6.2 5.1 .1 .2 .2 .2 .5 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7	11.8 4.9 3.9 - .8 .3 1.1 - 1.1 1.0 .4	2.9 1.9 .8 .8 .2 .2 .2 1.2 .1 .1 .3 .3	95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0  14.1  4.3 7.1		95.9 27.9 34.5 8.5 1.5 1.1 11.1 3.0  14.1  4.3 7.1

NINE MONTHS ENDE SEPTEMBER 30, 1	994					
Revenues Production costs Depreciation,	\$161.2					39.0 338.0 30.2 119.6
depletion, and amortization Exploration expe	68.9	14.7	31.5	2.3	117.4	3.8 121.2
Dry hole costs Geological and	7.7	1.9	1.9	-	11.5	- 11.5
geophysical costs Other costs	2.3	.5	.9	.4	4.1	
						- 22.7
Undeveloped le amortization	ase 6.2	2.0	-			- 8.2
Total						
exploration expenses	20.4	5.8	3.5		30.9	- 30.9
General expenses and other, net Income tax		3.1	2.3	1.1	12.4	.1 12.5
provision						
Results of opera (excluding corp overhead and interest)	tions orate \$ 15.3	7.8	2.4	4.4	29.9	3.2 33.1
		=======			======	
NINE MONTHS ENDE SEPTEMBER 30, 1	993					
Revenues Production costs Depreciation,	\$185.0 42.7	53.5 18.5	37.5 15.5	13.0 6.9	289.0 83.6	- 289.0 - 83.6
	70.3	15.9	11.6	3.5	101.3	- 101.3
Exploration expe Dry hole costs Geological and	14.2	1.9	-	4.4	20.5	- 20.5
geophysical		1.3	1.4	.3	5.0	- 5.0
costs Other costs	1.4	.5	.7	.7	3.3	- 3.3
Undeveloped						- 28.8
						- 9.4
Total exploration expenses						
General expenses and other, net						
Income tax provision	16.1	4.0	3.4	-	23.5	- 23.5
Results of opera (excluding corp	tions orate					
overhead and interest) ====================================	\$ 23.7					- 27.6

\*Excludes unusual or infrequently occurring items.

# PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

- (a) The information contained in Note C to the Consolidated Financial Statements, page 5 of this report, concerning a certain legal proceeding in which the Company is involved, is incorporated herein by reference.
- (b) One of the Company's subsidiaries, Murphy Oil USA, Inc., owns and operates two oil refineries in the U.S. This subsidiary is a defendant in two governmental actions that (1) seek monetary sanctions of \$100,000 or more, and (2) arise under enacted provisions that regulate the discharge of materials into the environment or have the purpose of protecting the environment. These actions individually or in the aggregate are not material to the financial condition of the Company.
- (c) The Company and its subsidiaries are engaged in a number of other legal proceedings, all of which the Company considers routine and incidental to its business and none of which is material as defined.
- ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
  - (a) Exhibit Index Exhibits other than the one listed below have been omitted since they either are not required or are not applicable.

Exhibit 27 - Financial Data Schedule - included only in electronic filing.

(b) No reports on Form 8-K have been filed for the quarter covered by this report.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MURPHY OIL CORPORATION (Registrant)

By /s/ Ronald W. Herman Ronald W. Herman, Controller (Chief Accounting Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

November 10, 1994 (Date)

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THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1994, AND THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1994, OF MURPHY OIL CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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9-M0S DEC-31-1994 SEP-30-1994 43,259 82,892 193,049 5,652 144,398 520,180 4,017,501 2,332,216 2,271,147 417,487 140,741 48,775 0 0 1,232,483 2,271,147 1,268,237 1,337,060 1,120,440 1,120,440 30,869 0 2,460 132,723 44,250 88,473 0 0 0 88,473 1.97 1.97